

SMART LUBRICATION SYSTEM Special Design for CNC Machine Tool With Grease of Class NLGI 1&2

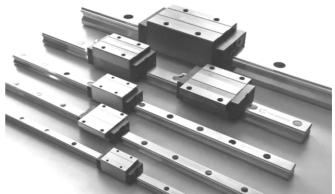
Friendly to Environment



Advantages of Grease to apply in the CNC Machine Tools

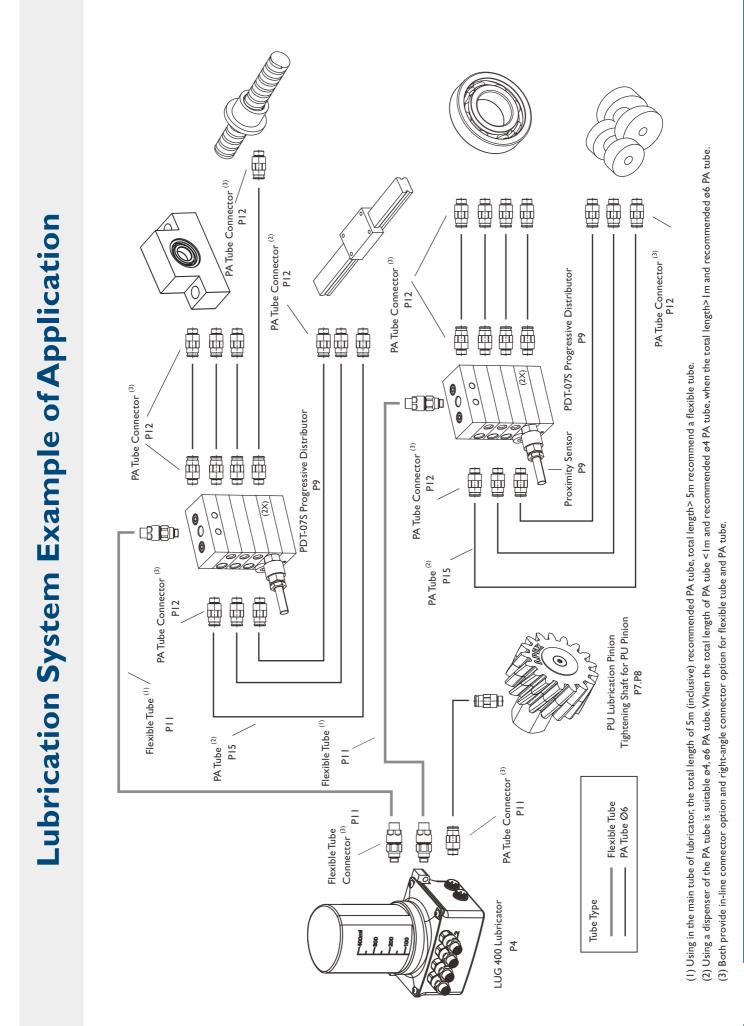
Lubricant	Grease	Oil
Consistency, Viscosity	High	Low
Compression Coefficient	High	Low
Anti-Wash-Out against Splashing Cutting Fluid	High 🌏	Low
Drops into Cutting Fluid (Tank)	No 📀	Yes
Deterioration or Failure of Cutting Fluid	No <	Yes
Friendly to Environment	Yes 📀	No
Application Volume	Low <	High
Maintainance Effort	Low 📀	High
Running Cost Low	Low <	High

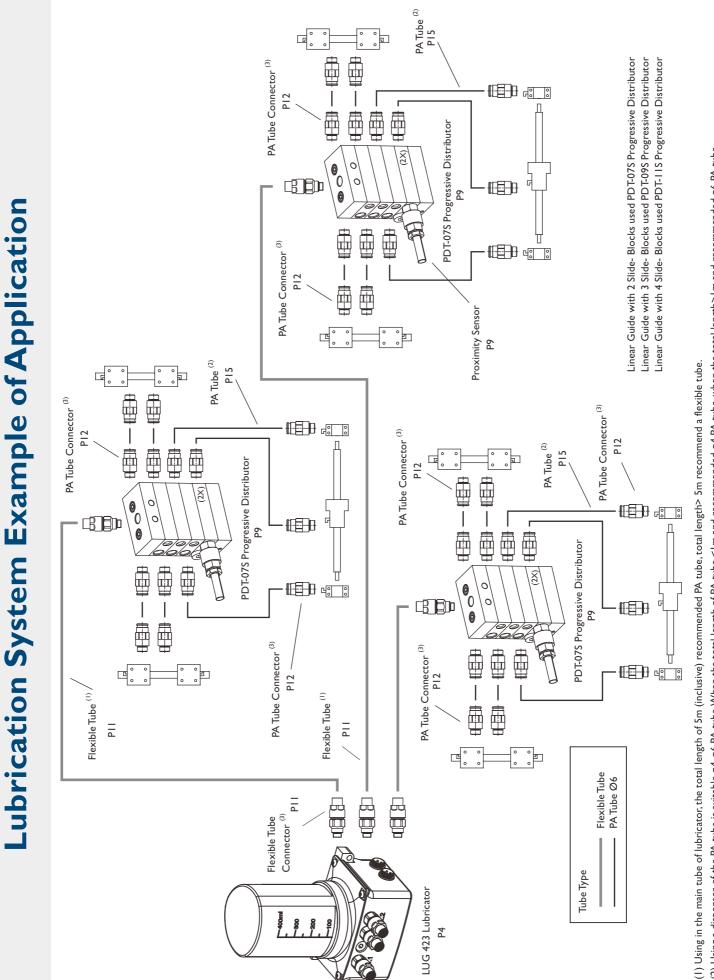












(2) Using a dispenser of the PA tube is suitable ø4, ø6 PA tube.When the total length of PA tube <1 m and recommended ø4 PA tube, when the total length>1 m and recommended ø6 PA tube. (3) Both provide in-line connector option and right-angle connector option for flexible tube and PA tube.

Performance - LUG 400

Technical Specification

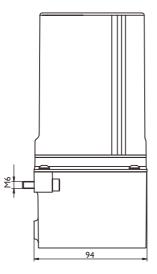
Dimension (Width x Height x Depth)	167mm x 196mm x 94mm					
Weight (No lubricant)	1780g					
Volume of Lubricant	400 cm ³					
Lubricant Type	Grease NLGI 1~3					
Pump	Piston Pump					
Operating Pressure	Max. 70 bar (1,000 psi)					
Delivery Volume Per Pulse/Stroke	0.15 cm ³					
No. of Outlet	Max. 4 Connectors ⁽¹⁾					
No. of Lubrication Position	Max. 44 ⁽²⁾					
Outlet Connection	PA Tube					
Operation Voltage	24V DC					
Current Consumption	I _{max} ≤ 500 mA					
Connecting Plug	M16 x 1 , 5-PIN					
IP Class	IP 65					
Operating Temperature	-25°C ~ 70°C					
Control	PLC					
Pressure Monitoring	System Pressure Measurement					
Oil Fill Monitoring	Reed Switch	Reed Switch				

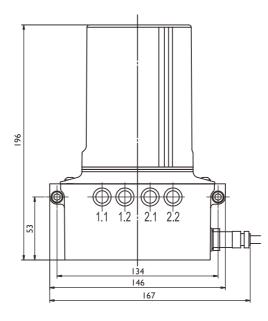
Lubricator

No. of Outlet	No. of Pump	No. of Lubricaion Position ⁽¹⁾	Order Code
I	I	max.	LUG-411
2	I	max. 22	LUG-412
2 (1+1)	2	max. 22	LUG-422
3 (1+2)	2	max. 33	LUG-423
4 (2+2)	2	max. 44	LUG-424

(I) Connector Dimension M10

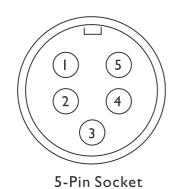
(2) Requiring use of a Distributor





Power System

• 24V DC is applied to the Lubricator. Any electrical interference during power connection should be avoided.



The connection between lubricator and controller via 5-Pin Socket

PIN I : Output Signal PIN 2 : Input Signal PIN 3 : FGND PIN 4 : Input 24V DC PIN 5 : GND

Lubrication of Rack & Pinion

- As transmission devices, Rack and Pinion are often exposed to air and may oxidized. It's highly recommended to use APEX PU Lubrication Pinion to perform greasing and uniform distribution of lubricant on all teeth surfaces.
- Open-Cell Polyurethane Foam of PU Lubrication Pinion can absorb a certain amount of lubricant. Standard Involute Teeth Design can fit perfectly the teeth of Rack and Pinion without any loading by Iubrication. Under long-time operation condition, PU Lubrication Pinion provides an automatic Iubrication process on transmission devices to reduce wearing, but no overlubrication.
- First soak PU Lubrication Pinion in lubricant to allow an immediate application. The Feeding Rate of lubricant depends on Module No. and Speed, can be adjusted by controller.

Please also refer to Table A below showing Lubricant Volume vs. Module No..

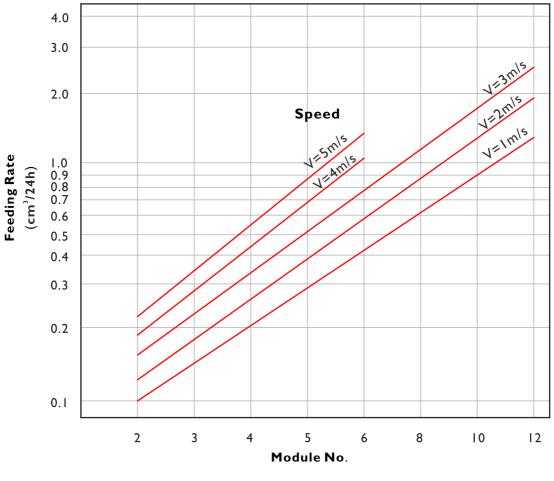
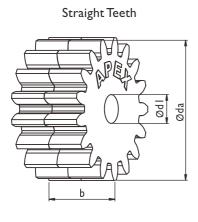


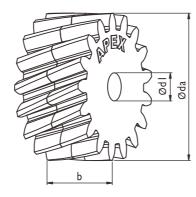
Table A

PU Lubrication Pinion

Effective Lubrication can be achieved through the use of APEX Lubrication System especially for Rack and Pinion. For uniform distribution of lubricant over rack surface, it's recommend to use a driving Pinion to allow evenly greasing.

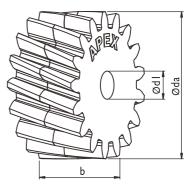
• Lubrication Pinion





Left-Hand Helical Teeth

Right-Hand Helical Teeth

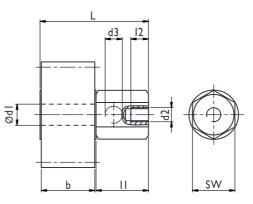


Module No.	Z (I)	Application	da (2)	dF (3)	dl	b	Order Code	Central Height a
		Straight Teeth	38	36			PU-01-36S	
I	36	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	40.2	38.2	12	15	PU-01-36L	
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	40.2	38.2			PU-01-36R	
		Straight Teeth	39	36			PU-1J-24S	
1.5	24	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	41.2	38.2	12	20	PU-IJ-24L	
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	41.2	38.2			PU-IJ-24R	
		Straight Teeth	38	34			PU-02-17S	
2	17	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	40. I	36.1	12	25	PU-02-17L	
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	40.I	36.1			PU-02-17R]
		Straight Teeth	47.5	42.5			PU-2J-17S	
2.5	17	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	50.1	45.1	12	25	PU-2J-17L]
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	50. I	45.1			PU-2J-17R]
		Straight Teeth	57	51			PU-03-17S	1
3	17	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	60.I	54.I	12	30	PU-03-17L	1
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	60.1	54.I	1		PU-03-17R	1
		Straight Teeth	76	68			PU-04-17S	d + dF 🛺
4	17	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	80.2	72.2	12	40	PU-04-17L	$a = \frac{d + dF}{2} $ ⁽⁴⁾
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	80.2	72.2			PU-04-17R]
		Straight Teeth	95	85		50	PU-05-17S	
5	17	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	100.2	90.2	20		PU-05-17L	A = ho + $\frac{dF}{2}$ (5)
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	100.2	90.2	1		PU-05-17R	
		Straight Teeth	114	102			PU-06-17S	
6	17	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	120.2	108.2	20	60	PU-06-17L	7
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	120.2	108.2	1		PU-06-17R	
		Straight Teeth	152	136			PU-08-17S]
8	17	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	160.3	144.3	20	80	PU-08-17L	
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	160.3	144.3			PU-08-17R	
		Straight Teeth	190	170			PU-10-17S	
10	17	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	200.4	180.4	20	100	PU-10-17L	
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	200.4	180.4	1		PU-10-17R	1
		Straight Teeth	192	168			PU-12-14S]
12	14	Rack (Left-Hand Helical)	202.3	178.3	25	120	PU-12-14L]
		Pinion (Right-Hand Helical)	202.3	178.3	1		PU-12-14R]
1.591 (Pt 5)	24	Straight Teeth	41.4	38.2	12	20	PU-IK-24S]
3.183 (Pt 10)	17	Straight Teeth	60.5	54.I	12	30	PU-3B-17S]
4.244 (Pt 13.33)	17	Straight Teeth	80.6	72.1	12	40	PU-4D-17S]

(1) No. of Teeth (2) Tip Diameter (3) Pitch Diameter (4) Central Distance between PU Pinion and Pinion (d = Pinion Pitch Diameter) (5) Central Distance between PU Pinion and Rack Bottom (h_0 = Height between Rack's pitch line to bottom)

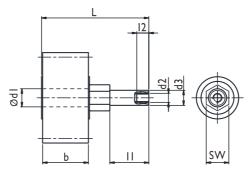
Tightening Shaft for PU Pinion

• Tightening Shaft (Right-Angle)



Module No.	L	П	12	b	dl	d2	Hole d3	sw	Order Code
I	46.4	30	10	15	12	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-01-1
1.5	51.4	30	10	20	12	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-IJ-I
2	56.4	30	10	25	12	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-02-1
2.5	56.4	30	10	25	12	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-02-1
3	61.4	30	10	30	12	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-03-1
4	71.4	30	10	40	12	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-04-1
5	81.4	30	10	50	20	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-05-1
6	91.4	30	10	60	20	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-06-1
8	111.4	30	10	80	20	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-08-1
10	131.4	30	10	100	20	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-10-1
12	152	30	10	120	25	M8	G I/8"	30	AUX-12-1
I.59I (Pt 5)	51.4	30	10	20	12	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-IJ-I
3.183 (Pt 10)	61.4	30	10	30	12	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-03-1
4.244 (Pt 13.33)	71.4	30	10	40	12	M8	G I/8"	24	AUX-04-1

• Tightening Shaft (In-Line)

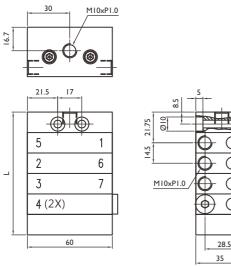


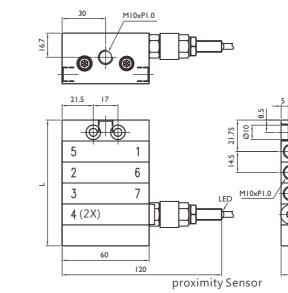
Module No.	L	П	12	b	dl	Hole d2	d3	sw	Order Code
	56	30	12	15	12	M6	MI0	17	AUX-01-2
1.5	61	30	12	20	12	M6	MI0	17	AUX-IJ-2
2	66	30	12	25	12	M6	MI0	17	AUX-02-2
2.5	66	30	12	25	12	M6	MI0	17	AUX-02-2
3	71	30	12	30	12	M6	MI0	17	AUX-03-2
4	81	30	12	40	12	M6	MI0	17	AUX-04-2
5	116	49	12	50	20	G I/8"	MI6	24	AUX-05-2
6	126	49	12	60	20	G I/8"	MI6	24	AUX-06-2
8	146	49	12	80	20	G I/8"	MI6	24	AUX-08-2
10	166	49	12	100	20	G I/8"	MI6	24	AUX-10-2
12	186.6	49	12	120	25	G I/8"	MI6	30	AUX-12-2
1.591 (Pt 5)	61	30	12	20	12	M6	MI0	17	AUX-IJ-2
3.183 (Pt 10)	71	30	12	30	12	M6	MI0	17	AUX-03-2
4.244 (Pt 13.33)	81	30	12	40	12	M6	MI0	17	AUX-04-2

Progressive Flow Distributor

Progressive flow distributor supports multiple lubrication positions successive in the pumping cycle. The output volume by each outlet is 0.15ml, while by the outlet (2X) is 0.3ml (two strokes).

- Grease is to be apply.
- Supporting max 11 outlets
- Supporting Ø4 and Ø6 in-line and right-angle connector
- Max. permitted pressure 100 bar





28.5

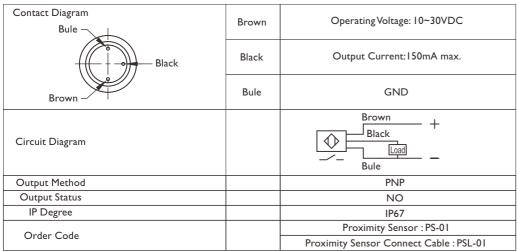
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Standard

No. of Outlet	Per Stroke (ml)	Number of time for	L	Order Code		
No. of Outlet		each cycle	- [Standard	w. Proximity Sensor	
7	0.15 (2X):0.3	8	87	PDT-07	PDT-07S	
9		10	101.5	PDT-09	PDT-09S	
11		12	116	PDT-11	PDT-11S	

- Supporting standard grease NLGI I & 2
- Temperature range +10°C~+60°C
- Addition proximity sensor, monitoring lubrication system is available.
- To make sure entire pipe line should be full filled with grease for a correct function.
- If one outlet of distributor is blocked, the successive pumping cycle is not valid.

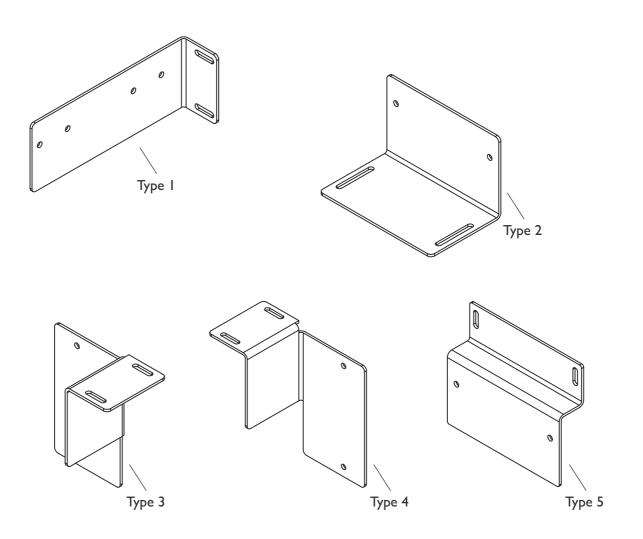
Proximity Sensor Technical Specification



The sensor lights up when a pumping cycle of the progressive distributor has been done.

Fixing Socket

5 different types of fixing socket for LUG 400.



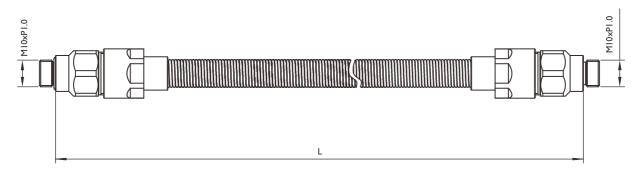
Spec	Order Code
Туре І	BK-01
Туре 2	ВК-02
Туре 3	ВК-03
Туре 4	ВК-04
Туре 5	ВК-05

- Material : SPCC
- Surface Treatment : Black flat paint
- The drawing for fixing sucket support please contact with APEX

Flexible Tube Set

To used for main lubrication pipe line. The spring is protecting tube, preventing the pipe line expansion due to high pressure and influence of pumping of grease.

- The max length about 15 meter
- The max permitted pressure 100 bar
- Spring is coated with nickel plated and corrosion resistance.
- Operating temperature -30°C~+80°C



Length (meter)	Order Code
Approx 10	FTS08-1000
Approx 15	FTS08-1500

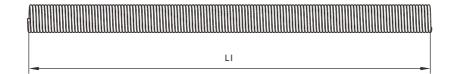
• Accessories

 In-Line Connector Material: Copper
In-Line Connector
I

Length (meter)	Order Code
Applicable Length 10	FTC08-01
Applicable Length 15	FTC08-02

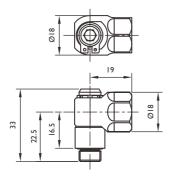
Protective Tube Spring

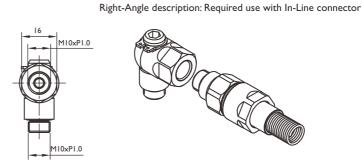
Material: Spring Steel. Surface Treatment: Nickel

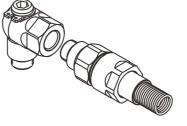


Length (meter)	LI (meter)	Order Code
Applicable Length 10	10	PTS08-1000
Applicable Length 15	15	PTS08-1500

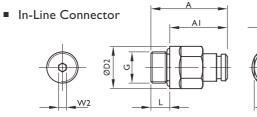
 Right-Angle Connector (Order Code R-FTC08-01) Material: Copper



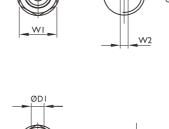




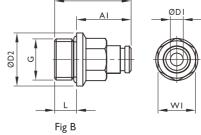
• Connector

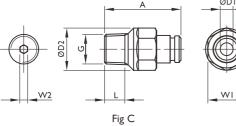


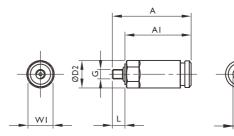




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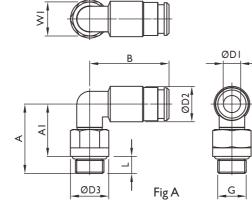
		_							Order C	Code
DI	D2	Α	AI	G	L	WI	WI W2	Fig	Copper	Stainless Steel
4	8.8	25.1	21.1	M3x0.5	4	8	-	D	TB-401 ⁽¹⁾	TBS-401
4	11.5	26.1	21.1	M5x0.8	5	10	-	A	TB-402 ⁽¹⁾	TBS-402
4	11.5	26.1	21.1	M6x0.75	5	10	2.5	Α	TB-403	TBS-403
4	11.5	26.1	21.1	M6x1.0	5	10	2.5	Α	TB-404	TBS-404
4	11.5	24.4	18.4	M8x1.0	6	10	2.5	A	TB-405	TBS-405
4	13.5	24.4	18.4	MI0xI.0	6	12	2.5	Α	TB-406	TBS-406
4	13.5	24.4	18.4	G I/8"	6	12	2.5	Α	TB-407	TBS-407
6	13.5	30.1	25.1	M5x0.8	5	12	-	Α	TB-601 ⁽¹⁾	TBS-601
6	13.5	30.1	25.1	M6x0.75	5	12	3	A	TB-602	TBS-602
6	13.5	30.1	25.1	M6x1.0	5	12	3	A	TB-603	TBS-603
6	13.5	30.9	24.9	M8x1.0	6	12	4	A	TB-604	TBS-604
6	13.5	28.4	22.4	MI0xI.0	6	12	4	Α	TB-605	TBS-605
6	13.5	28.4	22.4	G I/8"	6	12	4	A	TB-606	TBS-606
6	17	29.4	22.4	G I/4"	7	12	4	В	TB-607	TBS-607
6	13.5	29.9	-	R I/8"	6.5	12	4	С	TB-608	TBS-608
8	15.2	33.3	27.3	MI0xI.0	6	14	5	A	TB-801	TBS-801
8	15.2	33.3	27.3	G I/8"	6	14	5	A	TB-802	TBS-802
8	17	33.3	26.3	G I/4"	7	14	5	В	TB-803	TBS-803

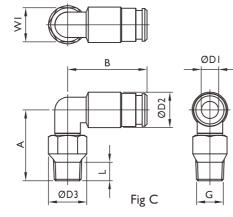
(1) Material: Carbon Steel

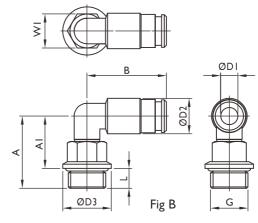
Operating Pressure : max. 80 bar

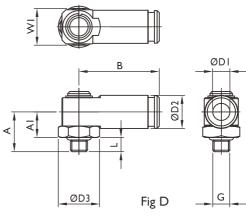
Operating Temperature : -30 $^{\circ}C\text{-+100}^{\circ}C$

Right-Angle Connector









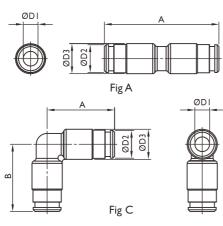
DI	D2	D3	Α	AI	в	G		wi	Ein	Order Code			
		03	A	AI	D	G	L	VV I	Fig	Copper	Stainless Steel		
4	10	11.5	18.7	14.7	22.4	M3 x 0.5	4	10	A	R-TB-401 ⁽¹⁾	R-TBS-401		
4	10	11.5	20.7	15.7	22.4	M5 x 0.8	5	10	A	R-TB-402 ⁽¹⁾	R-TBS-402		
4	10	11.5	20.7	15.7	22.4	M6 x 0.75	5	10	A	R-TB-403	R-TBS-403		
4	10	11.5	20.7	15.7	22.4	M6 x 1.0	5	10	A	R-TB-404	R-TBS-404		
4	10	13.5	23.2	17.2	22.4	M8 x 1.0	6	12	A	R-TB-405	R-TBS-405		
4	10	13.5	24.2	18.2	22.4	MI0 x 1.0	6	12	A	R-TB-406	R-TBS-406		
4	10	13.5	24.2	18.2	22.4	G 1/8"	6	12	A	R-TB-407	R-TBS-407		
4	8.8	14.5	14	9	24.2	M6 x 1.0	5	13	D	R-TB-408	R-TBS-408		
4	8.8	14.5	15	9	24.2	M8 x 1.0	6	13	D	R-TB-409	R-TBS-409		
4	8.8	14.5	17.5	9	24.2	R I/8"	8.5	13	D	R-TB-410	R-TBS-410		
6	12.5	11.5	21	16	27.9	M5 x 0.8	5	10	A	R-TB-601 (1)	R-TBS-601		
6	12.5	11.5	21	16	27.9	M6 x 0.75	5	10	A	R-TB-602	R-TBS-602		
6	12.5	11.5	21	16	27.9	M6 x 1.0	5	10	A	R-TB-603	R-TBS-603		
6	12.5	13.5	23.5	17.5	27.9	M8 x 1.0	6	12	A	R-TB-604	R-TBS-604		
6	12.5	13.5	24.5	18.5	27.9	MI0 x 1.0	6	12	A	R-TB-605	R-TBS-605		
6	12.5	13.5	24.5	18.5	27.9	G 1/8"	6	12	A	R-TB-606	R-TBS-606		
6	12.5	17	25.5	18.5	27.9	G 1/4"	7	12	В	R-TB-607	R-TBS-607		
6	12.5	13.5	25	-	27.9	R I/8"	6.5	12	С	R-TB-608	R-TBS-608		
6	11.7	14.5	14	9	28.2	M6 x 1.0	5	13	D	R-TB-609	R-TBS-609		
6	11.7	14.5	15	9	28.2	M8 x 1.0	6	13	D	R-TB-610	R-TBS-610		
6	11.7	14.5	17.5	9	28.2	R I/8"	8.5	13	D	R-TB-611	R-TBS-611		
8	14.5	14.5	25.5	19.5	29.8	MI0 x 1.0	6	13	A	R-TB-801	R-TBS-801		
8	14.5	14.5	25.5	19.5	29.8	G I/8"	6	13	A	R-TB-802	R-TBS-802		
8	14.5	17	25.5	19.5	29.8	G 1/4"	7	13	В	R-TB-803	R-TBS-803		

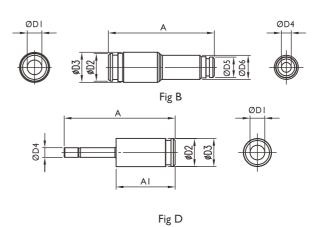
(1) Material: Carbon Steel

Operating Pressure : max. 80 bar

Operating Temperature : -30 $^{\circ}C$ ~+100 $^{\circ}C$

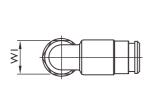
• Tube Connector

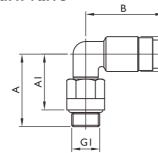


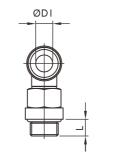


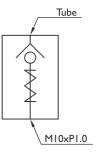
	52	53	DA	DI	D	•		P	F :-	Order Code		
DI	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	A	AI	В	Fig	Copper	Stainless Steel	
4	8.5	10.0	-	-	-	39.8	-	-	A	C-TB-401	C-TBS-401	
4	8.5	10.0	-	-	-	22.4	-	22.4	С	C-TB-402	C-TBS-402	
4	8.5	8.8	6	-	-	45.4	20.4	-	D	C-TB-403	C-TBS-403	
6	11.5	12.5	-	-	-	47.8	-	-	Α	C-TB-601	C-TBS-601	
6	11.5	12.5	4	8.5	10	43.8	-	-	В	C-TB-602	C-TBS-602	
6	11.5	12.5	-	-	-	27.9	-	27.9	С	C-TB-603	C-TBS-603	
6	11.5	11.7	4	-	-	45.9	24.4	-	D	C-TB-604	C-TBS-604	
8	13.5	15	6	11.5	12.5	49.2	-	-	В	C-TB-801	C-TBS-801	
8	13.5	13.8	6	-	-	51.3	26.3	-	D	C-TB-802	C-TBS-802	

• Right-Angle Non-Return Valve







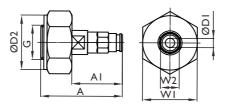


DI	D2	Δ	AI	в	GI		L WI	Order Code		
		^		D	01	-		Copper	Stainless Steel	
4	10	24.2	18.2	22.4	MI0 x 1.0	6	12	RV-TB-401	RV-TBS-401	
6	12.5	26	20	27.9	MI0 x 1.0	6	12	RV-TB-601	RV-TBS-601	
8	14.5	27	21	29.8	MI0 x 1.0	6	13	RV-TB-801	RV-TBS-801	

ØD2

 $Function \ of \ Non-Return \ Valve: \ Avoid \ Of \ backflow, Resistance \ of \ pressure.$

• Oil Filling Connector



DI	D2	А	AI	G	WI	W2	Order Code
4	35	48.4	28.4	M22 x 2.0	35	12	TB-4-22
6	35	52.4	32.4	M22 x 2.0	35	12	TB-6-22
8	35	57.3	37.3	M22 x 2.0	35	14	TB-8-22

The oil filling connector is to apply for refilling of lubricant.

High kinematic viscosity of lubricant will reduce the pumping distance to the device or facility.

Pay attention to kinematic viscosity by refilling of Non-APEX lubricant.

Lubricator Cartridge

• Empty Cartridge (Order code : G00)

For Self-Filling of grease. Oil Filling Connector is necessary Supports LUG-400 lubricator

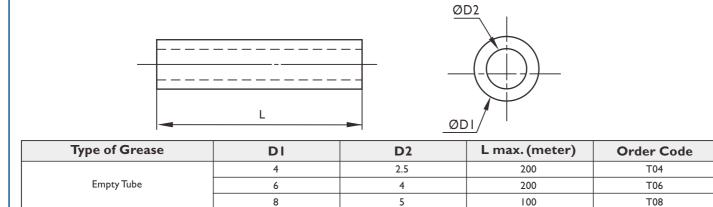
• Standard Grease (Order code: G04)

NLGI Grade I Temperature Range -15°C~+130°C Good performance in high pressure and metal adhesion. Suitable for high loading gear transmission system. Suitable for high temperature environment. Kinematic Viscosity 180 cSt/40°C Supports LUG lubricator pre-fill at 400 cm³

• Remark :

The APEX Smart Lubrication System has optimized as shown above. Using other greases, the pumping performance of APEX Lubrication System could be different.

PA Tube



Operating Pressure: 25 kg/cm2 by 4mm PA Tube; 28kg/cm2 by 6mm & 8mm PA Tube (Temperature $20^{\circ}C$) Operating Temperature: $-40^{\circ}C$ ~+ $80^{\circ}C$

Tube Material: PAI2

It's PA tube.The maximal WORKING length of the PA tube is depending on the tube diameter and the viscosity of grease inside.The guaranteed working length is (in meter):

Grease Tub	e T04	Т06	Т08
Standard Grease(G04)	5m	l0m	l0m

Using the flexible tube set, the pumping volume of the grease will be more precise due to the nonexpansion of the tube under high pressure.

Lubrication System Design Examples

CNC Vertical Machine Tool configuration is as follows

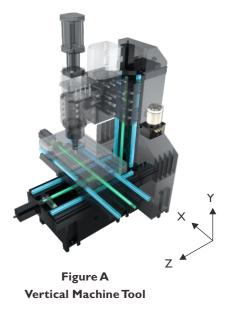
Same loading for the X and Y axis, it can be used the same transmission set. When the spindle is rotating, request bigger transmission set to afford it.

Transmission Specification

From table A, provided seven lubrication points for each axial, the reference shown in Figure B.

Table A Transmission Specification

Axial	Specification	Lubrication Points
X X	Ball Screw Outer diameter 30mm	XI
X,Y Axis	Ball Screw Support Base 2 Units	X2
AXIS	Type 25 Linear Slide 2 Sets, Slide Block for 2 Each	X4
	Ball Screw Outer diameter 35mm	XI
Z Axis	Ball Screw Support Base 2 Units	X2
	Type 30 Linear Slide 2 Sets, Slide Block for 2 Each	X4



Volume of Lubricant

According to the catalogue of manufacturer, recommend volume of lubricant.

Table B Volume of lubricant for each lubrication position.

	NO	I	2	3	4	5	6	7
X,Y Axis	Lubrication Position	Nuts	Support Base	Support Base	Slide Block	Slide Block	Slide Block	Slide Block
	Volume of Lubricant ml/hr	2.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Z Axis	Lubrication Position	Nuts	Support Base	Support Base	Slide Block	Slide Block	Slide Block	Slide Block
	Volume of Lubricant ml/hr	2.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

APEX used grease for the lubrication system which comparison with oil and found the advantages as following :

I. Good Adhesion: It can be attached to the friction surface and not easy to be loss it, no splash when mechanism is moving.

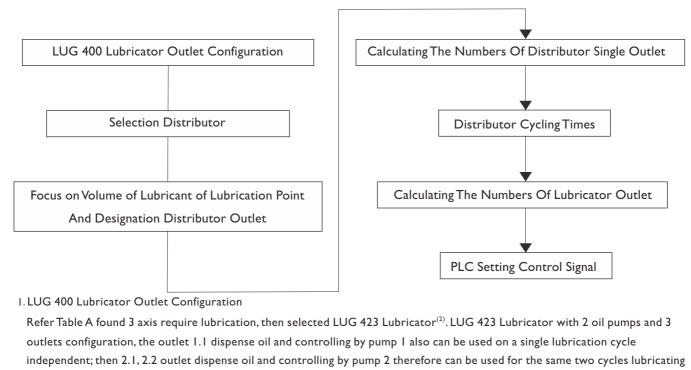
2. High Pressure Resistance: Great adsorption capacity from friction surface and withstand large workloads.

- 3. Long Service Life : Due to working on densifier pore, can be applied to high-cycle operation of the mechanism.
- 4. Good Protection Performance : The grease layer of grease is thicker than oil layer, when attached to a metal surface, it has strong ability to resistance moisture.
- 5. Good Sealing : It can be prevent dust from intruding into the working surface to avoid mechanical wear out.
- 6. Damping Shock Resistance: The grease with highly viscosity, and it can be absorb the cushioning effect for the parts that change the direction of motion and damping shock absorption effect.

Grease with good adhesion, extending lubrication cycle for four hours $^{(1)}$.

(1) The influence for lubrication cycle will depends on the conditions and the environment, regarding to current condition.

Selection Procedures and Computation



lubrication points.

Refer Table B found the volume of lubricant is the same for X,Y axis, it can be use same lubrication cycle.

So I.I outlet apply for Z axis lubrication, 2.1, 2.2 outlets can be apply for X,Y axis lubrication.

(2) Reference P4 lubricator section.

2. Selection Type Of Distributor

Refer Table A found 7 lubrication points for each axis, so selected PDT-07S Distributor⁽³⁾. (3) Reference P9 distributor section.

3. Specify the Distributor Outlet For Lubrication Amount Of Lubrication Points.

For every cycle and each outlet of stroke is 0.15 ml, (2X) dispense oil 0.3 ml. Refer Table B found the volume of lubricant of lubrication point is 2.1 ml for X, Y axis nut, Z axis is 2.4 ml, and rest lubrication points is 0.3 ml.

According to formula A as below, can calculate the number of times which single outlet oil from the distributor.

Number Of Times For Outlet Oil By Distributor = $\frac{\text{Volume Lubricant Of Lubrication Point}}{\text{Oil Volume For Lubrication Point by Distributor}}$Formula A As X axis for example, refer Table B found the volume of lubricant is 2.1 ml for Nut lubrication point, when dispense oil 0.3 ml, number of times for distributor is $\frac{2.1}{0.3}$ =7 times, the distributor successive outlet oil from the first hole to the last hole, which is called the distributor one cycle, so the number of times of the distributor cycle⁽⁴⁾ is 7 times/ 4 hr. When dispense oil 0.15ml from outlet, number of times for distributor is $\frac{2.1}{0.15}$ =14times, Then the number of dispense cycles⁽⁴⁾ is 14 times / 4 hr.Therefore, using 0.3ml outlet oil compared to 0.15ml outlet oil, will save (14-7)* 8⁽⁴⁾ * 0.15 = 8.4ml oil.

(4) P9 distributor reference section.

4. Calculating Number Of Times For Outlet Oil By Distributor

Calculating the number of times per lubrication point according to formula A, and obtain the data sheet in Table C. Refer Table C, the lubrication points at the X and Y axis nuts are known. The single outlet oil needs 7 times / 4 hr, and the remaining lubrication points are outlet oil 2 times / 4 hr. The lubrication point for Z axis nut, for single outlet oil needs 8 times/4hr, remaining lubrication point needs 2 times/4hr.

	NO	I	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lubrication Position	Nuts	Support Base	Support Base	Slide Block	Slide Block	Slide Block	Slide Block
X,Y	Volume of Lubricant ml/4hr	2.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Axis	Volume of Lubricant for Single Outlet Hole ml	0.3	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Number of Times for Outlet Oil/4hr	7	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Lubrication Position	Nuts	Support Base	Support Base	Slide Block	Slide Block	Slide Block	Slide Block
	Volume of Lubricant ml/4hr	2.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Z Axis	Volume of Lubricant for Single Outlet Hole ml	0.3	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Number of Times for Outlet Oil/4hr	8	2	2	2	2	2	2

Table C Number of times for a outlet oil from distributor

5. Distributor Cycles

As Table C, in order to satisfy the maximum oil quantity of the X and Y-axis nuts, the number of cycles of the distributor is 7 times / 4 hr. In order to meet the maximum oil quantity of the Z-axis nut, the number of cycles of the distributor is 8 times / 4 hr.

6. Lubricator oil output calculation

According formula B to calculating the number of times for lubricator oil outlet.

Number of times for lubricator oil outlet =Distributor Cycles × Number of Strokes per Cycle⁽⁵⁾-Formula B

Lubricator applied to X axis 2.1 oil outlet which number of times = X axis distributor cycles × number of outlet oil per cycles = $7 \times 8 = 56$ Lubricator applied to Y axis 2.2 oil outlet which number of times = Y axis distributor cycles × number of outlet oil per cycles = $7 \times 8 = 56$ Since 2.1, 2.2 outlet was be driven by pump 2, so pump 2 actuating total for 56 + 56 = 112 times.

Lubricator applied to Z axis 1.1 oil outlet which number of times = Z axis distributor cycles × number of outlet oil per cycles = $8 \times 8 = 64$ Since 1.1 outlet was be driven by pump 1, so pump 1 actuating total for 64 times.

(5) P9 distributor reference section.

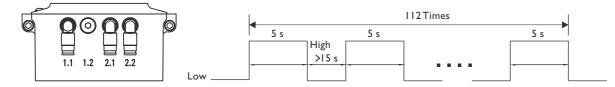
7.PLC Control⁽⁶⁾

When the PLC outputs different control signals to the plug $PIN2^{(7)}$, it can drive the oil pump, and controlling the outlet oil action of the lubricator, and achieve periodic and quantitative output functions, where in Low is 0V signal and High is 24V signal. Only one signal line sent to the lubricator by the PLC. It can't be existence of two different signals at the same time. Therefore, it is not possible to output two different signals at the same time too. The following two methods are described, and the cycle lubrication effect can be achieved.

A:

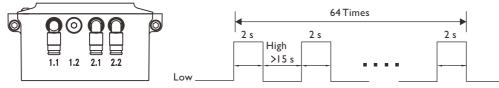
X,Y-axis lubricator PLC control setting

Set the PLC timing every 4 hours, and when the time is up, send 112 signals from the output point for 5 seconds of HIGH signal, and please ensure that 56 HIGH signals have a time interval of at least 15 seconds. At this time, the oil pump 2 will be driven to make 2.1, 2.2 outlet to stroke oil 56 times by take turns.



Z-axis lubricator PLC control setting

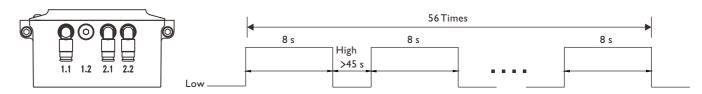
Set the PLC timing every 4 hours, and when the time is up, send 64 signals from the output point for 2 seconds of HIGH signal, and please ensure that 64 HIGH signals have a time interval of at least 15 seconds. At this time, the oil pump 1 will be driven to make 1.1 outlet to stroke oil 64 times.



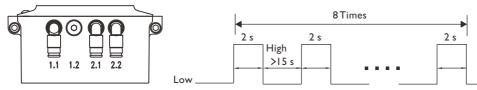
B:

XY Z-axis lubricator PLC control setting

Set the PLC timing every 4 hours, and when the time is up, send 56 signals from the output point for 8 seconds of HIGH signal, and please ensure that 56 HIGH signals have a time interval of at least 45 seconds. At this time, the oil pump 1-2 will be driven to make 1.1, 2.1, 2.2 outlet to stroke oil 56 times by take turns.



At this time, X and Y axis lubrication points have met outlet oil for 56 times; but still lacking 8 times of outlet oil for Z axis lubrication point (64-56=8), so it required output 8 signal 2 seconds of HIGH signal, and please ensure that 8 HIGH signals have a time interval of at least 15 seconds. At this time, the oil pump 1 will be driven to make 1.1 outlet to stroke oil 8 times.



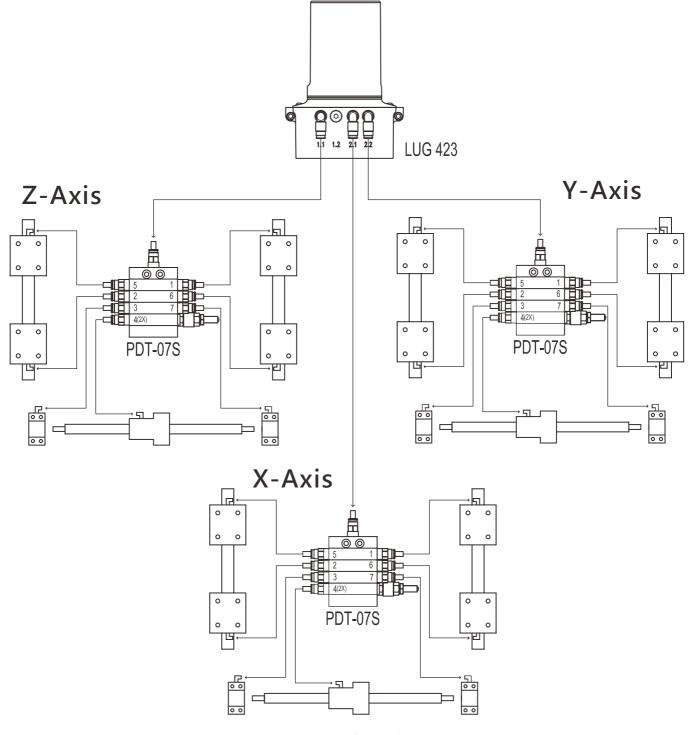
(6) Refer to LUG 400 lubricator Manual,3.2 PLC mode 0 various control signals section, Appendix A-1 PLC mode 0 control section.(7) Refer to P5 power supply wiring section.

Proximity Sensor Detecting Application Instruction

In addition proximity sensor detecting device of the distributor, when the piston rod of the proximity sensor is circulating oil from the distributor, generates an evaluable signal through the proximity sensor, and thus monitoring the whole lubrication system. The Sensor output signal cannot be converted, on behalf of distributor abnormal, it is possible to pipe blockage or the other reason, please refer "Troubleshooting" section processing.

Lubrication System Architecture

The figure below shows the lubrication system architecture diagram of CNC Vertical machine tool.



Trouble Shooting

Failure / Error	Cause	Process			
Lubricator					
	A. No Grease into Cartridge	A. Replace Cartridge			
Unable to Dispense Grease	B. Motor Idling	B. Contact APEX			
	C. Fuel Sensor Failure	C. Contact APEX			
.	A.Wear or Breakage of the Seal	A. Replace			
Grease Leak	B. Confirming Locked for the Connector	B. The Correct Tightening Torque Locking			
Main Tube for Lubricator					
	A. Refer [Lubricator] Unable to Dispense Grease Item				
Unable to Dispense Grease	B. Main Tube Damage	B. Replace Main Tube			
	C. Main Tube Blockage	C. Confirm the Cause and Eliminate Obstruction			
	A. Cartridge Contains Trapped Air	A. Replace Cartridge			
Main Tube Contains Trapped Air	B. Main Tube Damage	B. Replace Main Tube			
	C. Improper Assembly for Main Tube and Connector	C. Indeed Assembly			
Distributor					
	A. Refer [Main Tube of Lubricator] Main Tube Unable to Dispense Grease Item				
Unable to Dispense Grease	B. Distributor Blockage	B. Replace Distributor			
	C. Distributor not Fully Fill With Grease	C. Initial be sure to fill up with Grease before dispense oil			
Grease Leak	A. Confirming Locked for the Connector	A. The Correct Tightening Torque Locking			
Feed Grease Tube for Distributor					
	A. Refer [Distributor] Unable to Dispense Grease Item				
Unable to Dispense Grease	B. Feed Grease Tube Damage	B. Replace Feed Grease Tube			
	C. Feed Grease Tube Blockage	C. Confirm the Cause and Eliminate Obstruction			
	A. Refer [Main Tube of Lubricator] - Feed Grease Tube Contains Air Item				
Feed Grease Tube Contains Trapped Air	C. Feed Grease Tube improperly assembly with connector set	B. Indeed Assembly			
	C. Feed Grease Tube Damage	C. Replace Feed Grease Tube			
Proximity Sensor		1			
	A. Refer [Main Tube of Lubricator] Main Tube Unable to Outlet Grease Item				
Sensor Output Signals Can Not be Converted	B. Feed Grease Tube Blockage from Distributor	B. Confirm the Cause and Eliminate Obstruction			
	C. Proximity Sensor Damage	C. Replace Proximity Sensor			



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